

**M R**

Ahmed Mahdy



استاتيكا	فيزياء
الكترونياات	دوائر كهربية
هيدروليكا	ميكانيكا الانشاعات

مدرس خصوصي

حضورى

اونلاين

بجهد الطالب علي

مقاطع فيديو هات لشرح اقرر بشكل وافي

ملخص للمادة Pdf للمذكرة واطراجة

محاضرات مباشرة علي برنامج زووم

مناقشة الأجزاء الغير مفهومة

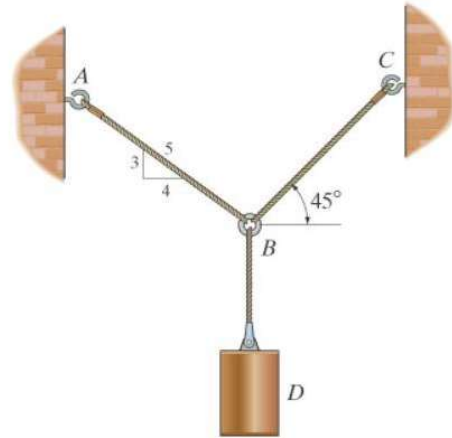
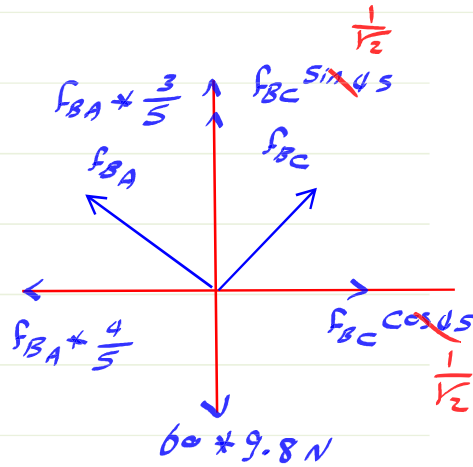
تواصل مستمر مع معلم امادة

للواصل

0567630097

0565657741

Determine the tension in cables BA and BC necessary to support the 60-kg cylinder.



$$\sum f_x = f_{BC} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - f_{BA} \cdot \frac{4}{5} = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

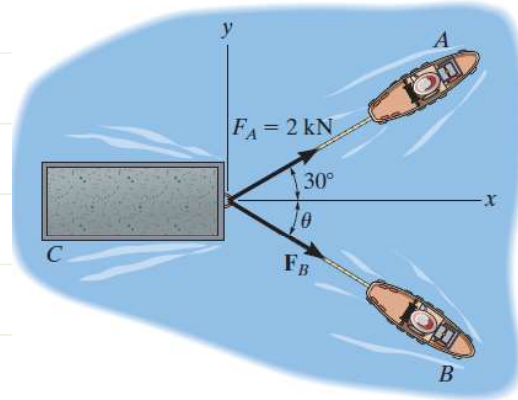
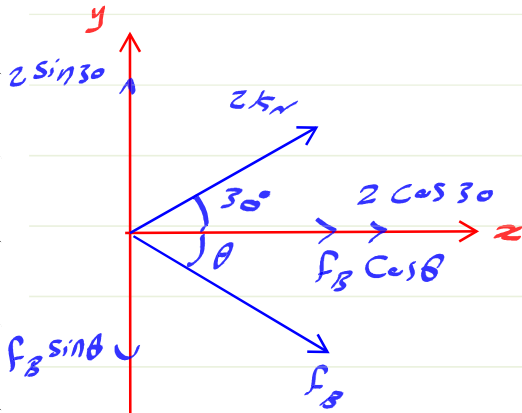
$$\sum f_y = f_{BC} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + f_{BA} \cdot \frac{3}{5} - 60 \cdot 9.8 = 0$$

$$f_{BC} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + f_{BA} \cdot \frac{3}{5} = 60 \cdot 9.8 \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$f_{BC} = 475.18 \text{ N}$$

$$f_{BA} = 420 \text{ N}$$

If the resultant force of the two tugboats is 3 kN, directed along the x positive axis, determine the required magnitude of force  $F_B$  and its direction  $\theta$ .



$$\sum F_x = 2 \cos 30 + F_B \cos \theta = 3$$

$$F_B \cos \theta = 3 - 2 \cos 30 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\sum F_y = 2 \sin 30 - F_B \sin \theta = 0$$

$$F_B \sin \theta = 2 \sin 30 \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

dividing eq  $\textcircled{2}$  by eq  $\textcircled{1}$

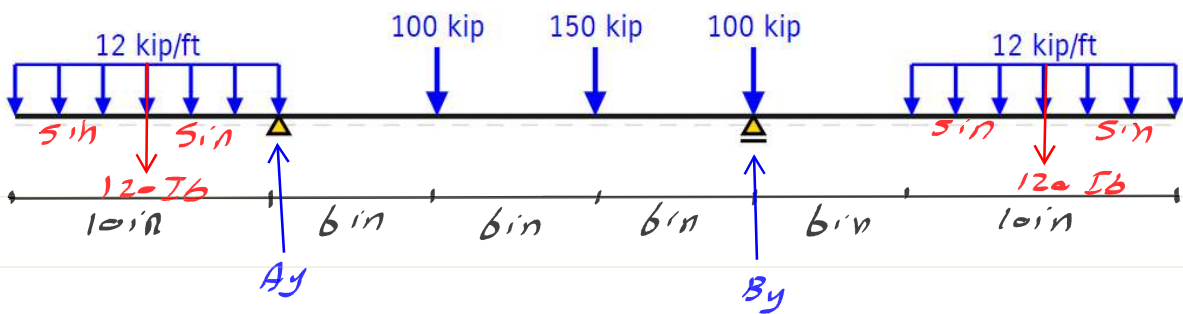
$$\frac{F_B \sin \theta}{F_B \cos \theta} = \frac{2 \sin 30}{3 - 2 \cos 30}$$

$$\tan \theta = 0.7887 \Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1}(0.7887) = 38.26$$

from eq  $\textcircled{2}$

$$F_B = \frac{2 \sin 30}{\sin 38.26} = 1.61575 \text{ N}$$

Find the reactions  $A_y$  and  $B_y$



$$\sum M_A = 120 \times 5 - 100 \times 6 - 150 \times 12 - 100 \times 18 + B_y \times 18 - 120 \times 29 = 0$$

$$B_y = 393.33 \text{ kip} \uparrow$$

$$\sum F_y = -120 + A_y - 100 - 150 - 100 + \cancel{B_y} - 120 = 0$$

$393.35$

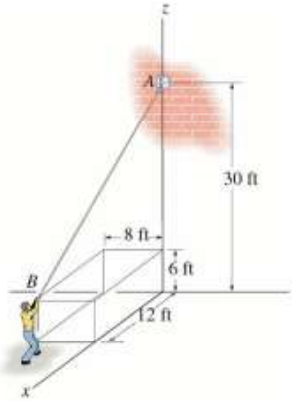
$$A_y = 196.67 \text{ kip} \uparrow$$

1. The man shown in the figure pulls on a cord with a force of 70 lb. Represent the force acting on support A as a Cartesian vector and determine its direction, find  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$

$$A(0, 0, 30)$$

$$B(12, -8, 6)$$

$$\vec{r}_{AB} = 12\mathbf{i} - 8\mathbf{j} - 24\mathbf{k}$$



$$\vec{F}_{AB} = F_{AB} \times \frac{\vec{r}_{AB}}{|\vec{r}_{AB}|} = 70 \times \frac{12\mathbf{i} - 8\mathbf{j} - 24\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{12^2 + 8^2 + 24^2}} = 70 \times \frac{12\mathbf{i} - 8\mathbf{j} - 24\mathbf{k}}{28}$$

$$\vec{F}_{AB} = 30\mathbf{i} - 20\mathbf{j} - 60\mathbf{k}$$

$$|\vec{F}_{AB}| = \sqrt{30^2 + 20^2 + 60^2} = 70$$

$$\alpha = \cos^{-1} \frac{30}{70} = 64.62^\circ$$

$$\beta = \cos^{-1} \frac{-20}{70} = 106.6^\circ$$

$$\gamma = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{-60}{70} \right) = 149^\circ$$

