



**مدرس خصوصى
اونلاين**
يحصل الطالب على ...

- * مقاطع فيديو هات لشرح المقرربشكل وافي
- * ملخص للمادة للمراجعة النهائية
- * محاضرات مباشرة على برنامج Zoom
- * تواصل مستمر مع معلم المادة للمناقشة

للتواصل

 00201024041097
 00201096019763

Assignment No (1)

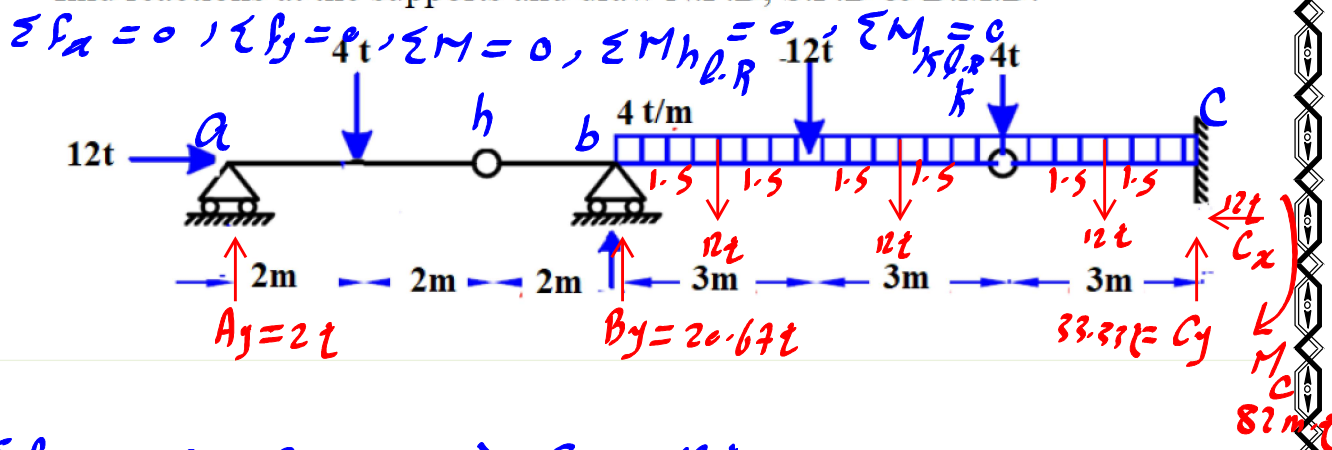
Analysis of statically determinate structures

Check Static Determinacy

$$U = S \Rightarrow 9 = 3 + 2$$

مستقر و حتمي
stable and determinate

1. The beam shown in figure below, it is required to ensure its equilibrium, find reactions at the supports and draw N.F.D, S.F.D & B.M.D.



$$\sum F_x = 12 - C_x = 0 \Rightarrow C_x = 12t \leftarrow$$

$$\sum M_{h_{left}} = A_y \times 4 - 4 \times 2 = 0 \Rightarrow A_y = 2t \uparrow$$

$$\sum M_{h_{left}} = -12 \times 1.5 - 12 \times 3 - 12 \times 4.5 + B_y \times 6 - 4 \times 10 + A_y \times 12 = 0$$

$$A_y = 20.67t \uparrow$$

$$\sum F_y = A_y - 4 + B_y - 12 - 12 - 12 - 4 - 12 + C_y = 0$$

$$C_y = 33.33t \uparrow$$

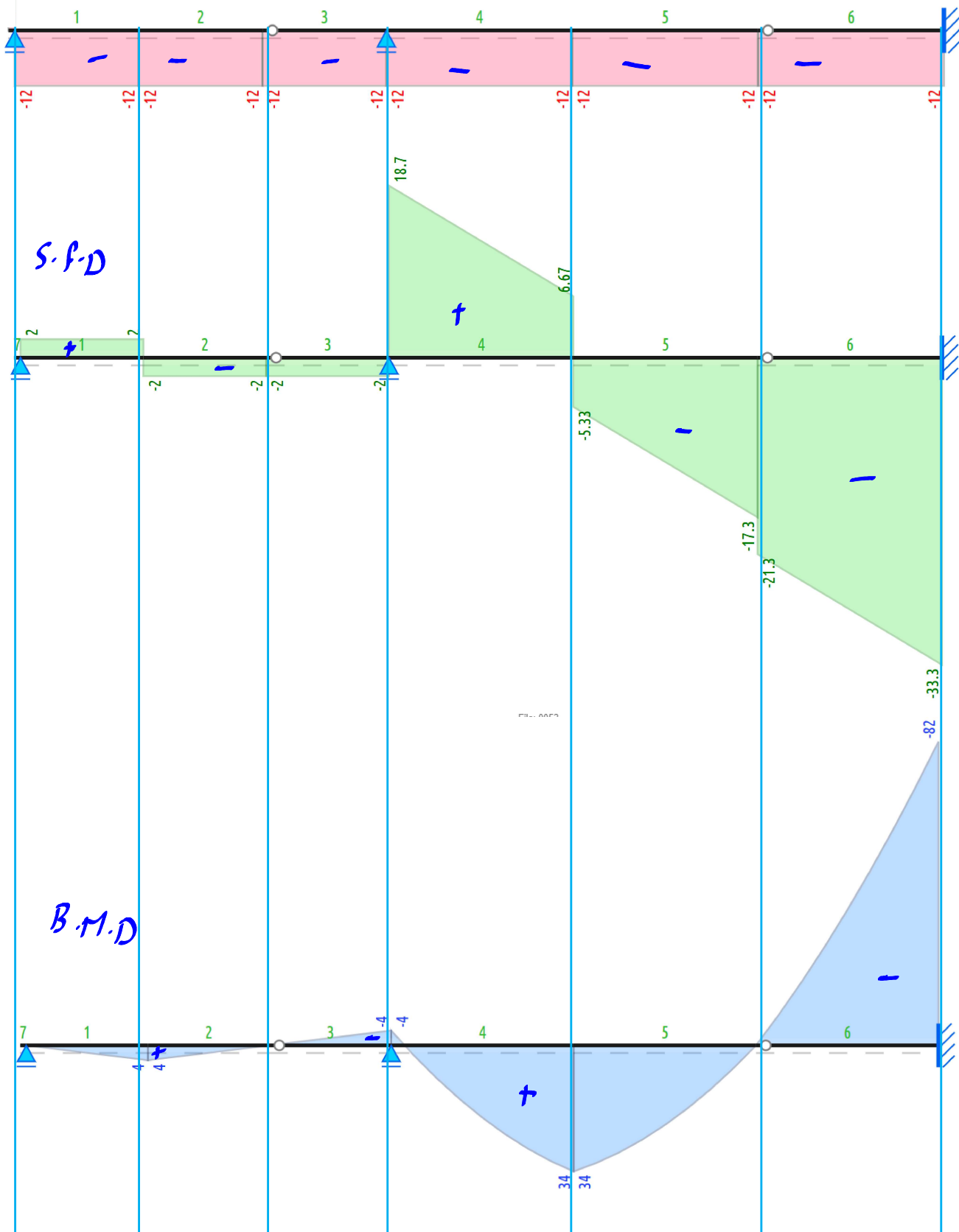
$$\sum M_{h_{right}} = 12 \times 1.5 - C_y \times 3 + M_c = 0$$

$$M_c = 82 \text{ m.t}$$

N.f.D

S.f.D

B.M.D

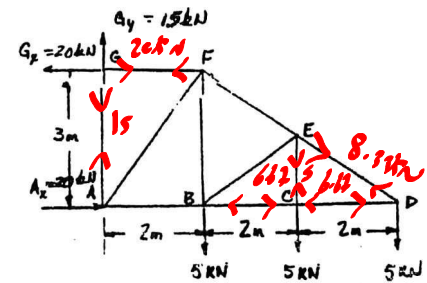
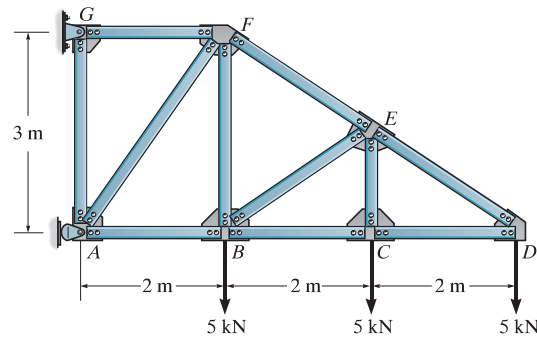


2. For the truss shown in figure below

A. Calculate the reactions

B. Determine the force in members EF, BE and BC using the joint method and confirm it by the section method.

C. State whether the forces are tension or compression



Joint D:

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0; \quad F_{ED} \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) - 5 = 0; \quad F_{ED} = 8.33 \text{ kN (T)}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; \quad F_{CD} - \frac{4}{5}(8.33) = 0; \\ F_{CD} = 6.67 \text{ kN (C)}$$

Ans.

Ans.

Joint C:

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; \quad F_{BC} - 6.67 = 0; \\ F_{BC} = 6.67 \text{ kN (C)}$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0; \quad F_{CE} - 5 = 0; \\ F_{CE} = 5 \text{ kN (T)}$$

Ans.

Ans.

Joint G:

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; \quad F_{GF} - 20 = 0; \quad F_{GF} = 20 \text{ kN (T)}$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0; \quad 15 - F_{GA} = 0; \quad F_{GA} = 15 \text{ kN (T)}$$

Ans.

Ans.

Joint A:

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0; \quad 15 - F_{AF} (\sin 56.3^\circ) = 0; \\ F_{AF} = 18.0 \text{ kN (C)}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; \quad -F_{AB} - 18.0 (\cos 56.3^\circ) + 20 = 0; \\ F_{AB} = 10.0 \text{ kN (C)}$$

Ans.

Ans.

Joint B:

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; \quad -F_{BE} \left(\frac{4}{5} \right) + 10.0 - 6.67 = 0; \\ F_{BE} = 4.17 \text{ kN (C)}$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0; \quad F_{FB} - 5 - 4.17 \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) = 0; \\ F_{FB} = 7.50 \text{ kN (T)}$$

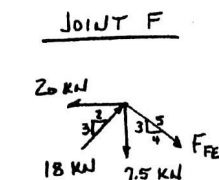
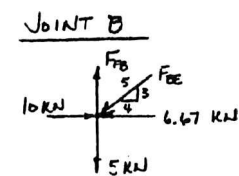
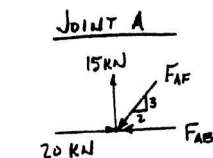
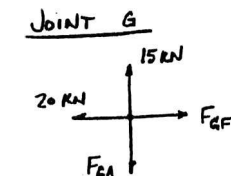
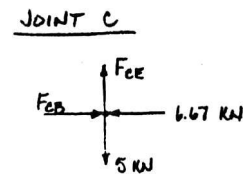
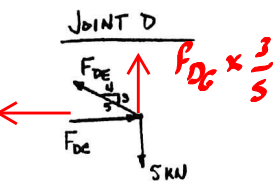
Ans.

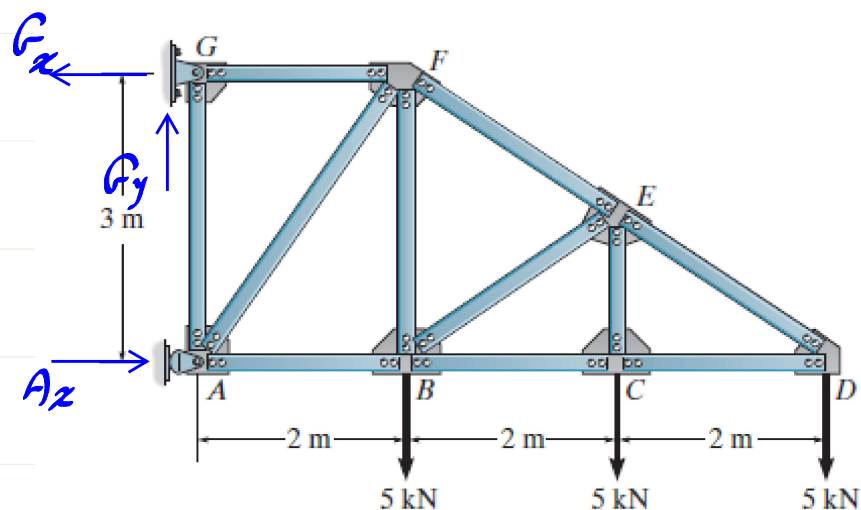
Ans.

Joint F:

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0; \quad 18 (\sin 56.3^\circ) - 7.5 - F_{FE} \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) = 0; \\ F_{FE} = 12.5 \text{ kN (T)}$$

Ans.





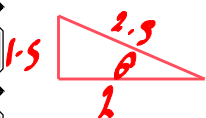
(a)

$$\sum f_y = G_y - 5 - 5 - 5 = 0 \Rightarrow G_y = 15 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$\sum M_G = -A_x \times 3 + 5 \times 2 + 5 \times 4 + 5 \times 6 = 0$$

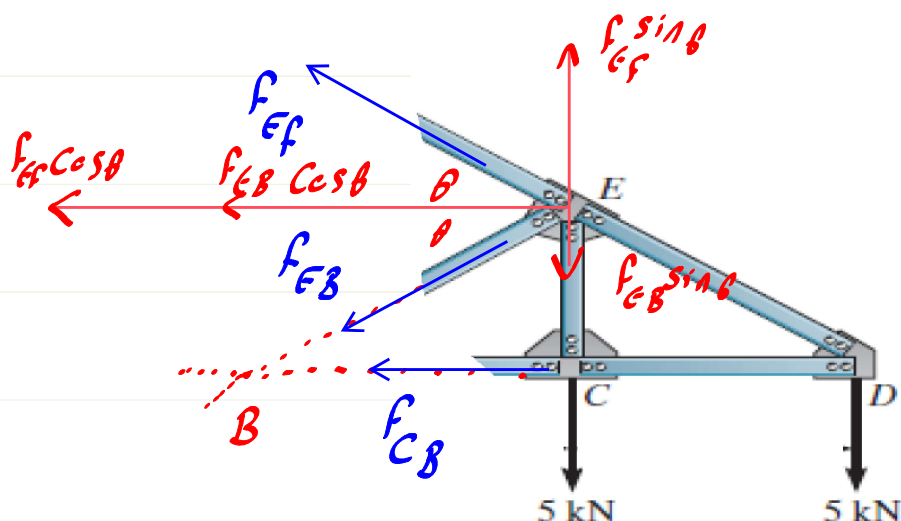
$$A_x = 20 \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

$$\sum f_x = A_x - G_x = 0 \Rightarrow G_x = 20 \text{ kN} \leftarrow$$



$$\sin \theta = 0.6$$

$$\cos \theta = 0.8$$



$$(B) \sum M_c = f_{CB} \times 1.5 + 5 \times 2 = 0 \Rightarrow f_{CB} = -6.67 \text{ kN Tension}$$

$$f_{CB} = 6.67 \text{ kN Comp}$$

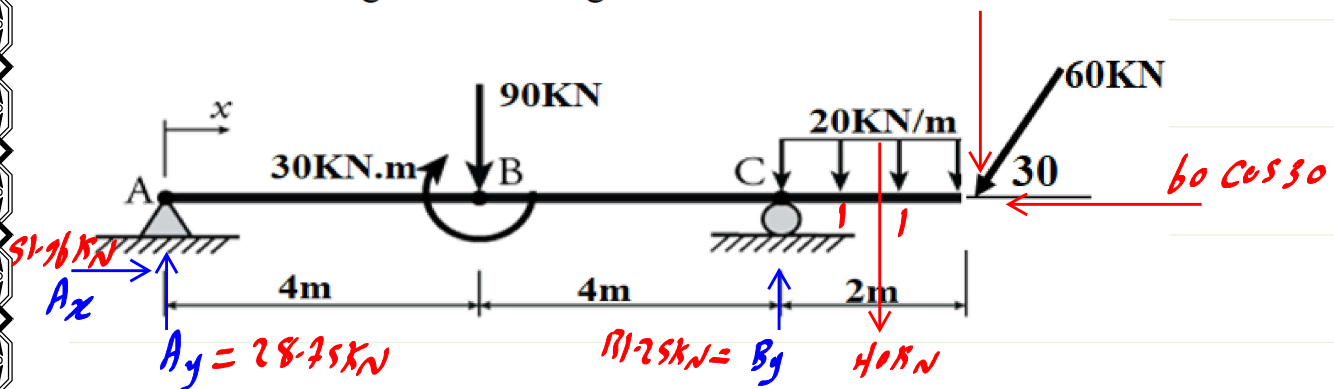
$$\sum M_D = -5 \times 2 - f_{EB} \sin \theta \times 2 - f_{EB} \cos \theta \times 1.5 = 0$$

$$f_{EB} = -4.167 \text{ kN Tension} = 4.167 \text{ kN Comp}$$

$$\sum f_y = -5 - 5 - f_{BC} \sin \theta + f_{EB} \sin \theta = 0$$

$$f_{EB} = 12.5 \text{ kN Tension}$$

3. Calculate the reactions for the shown beam and draw the axial force, shear and bending moment diagrams.



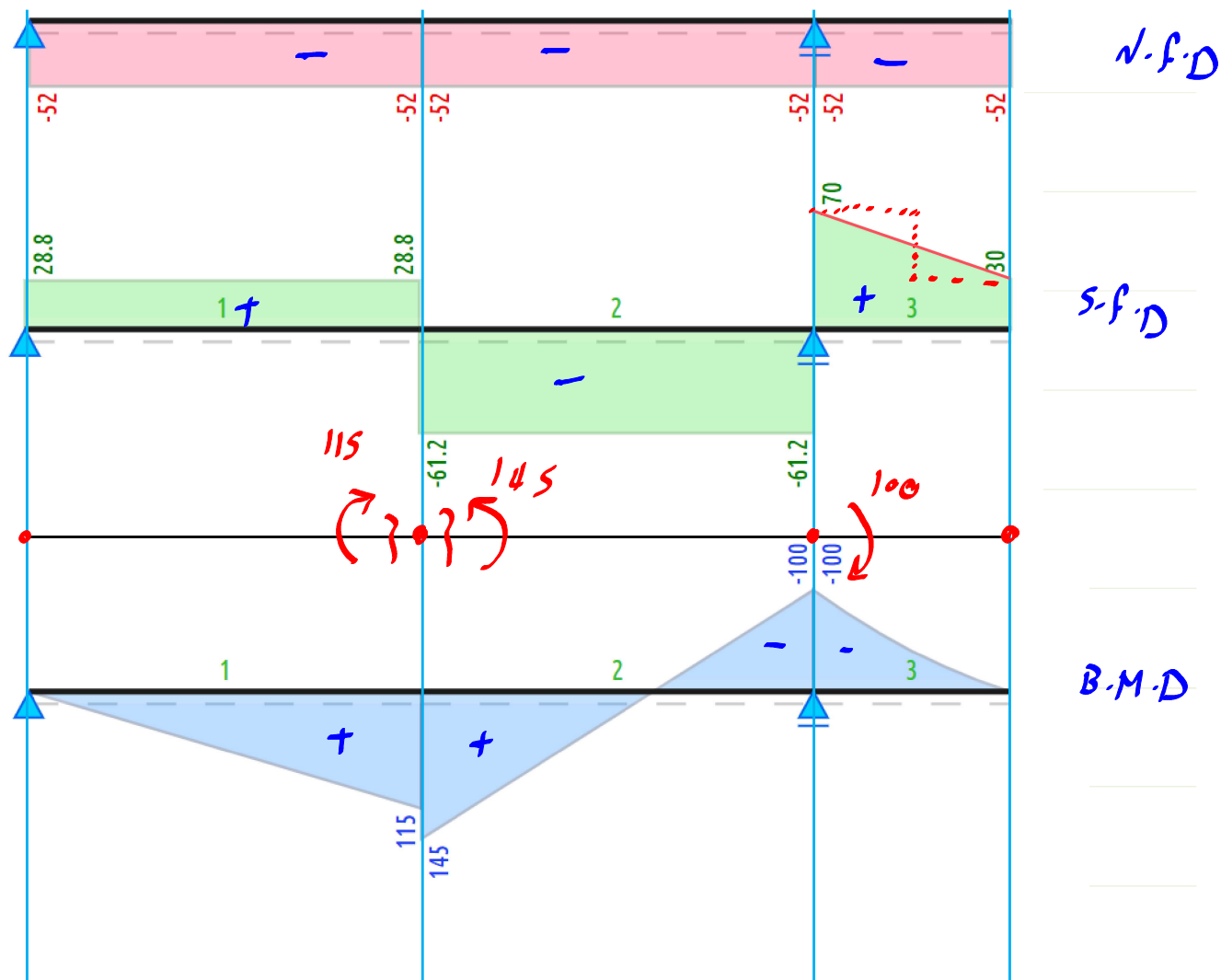
$$\sum f_x = A_x - 60 \cos 30 = 0 \Rightarrow A_x = 51.96 \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

$$\sum M_A = 90 \times 4 + 30 - B_y \times 8 + 40 \times 9 + 60 \sin 30 \times 10 = 0$$

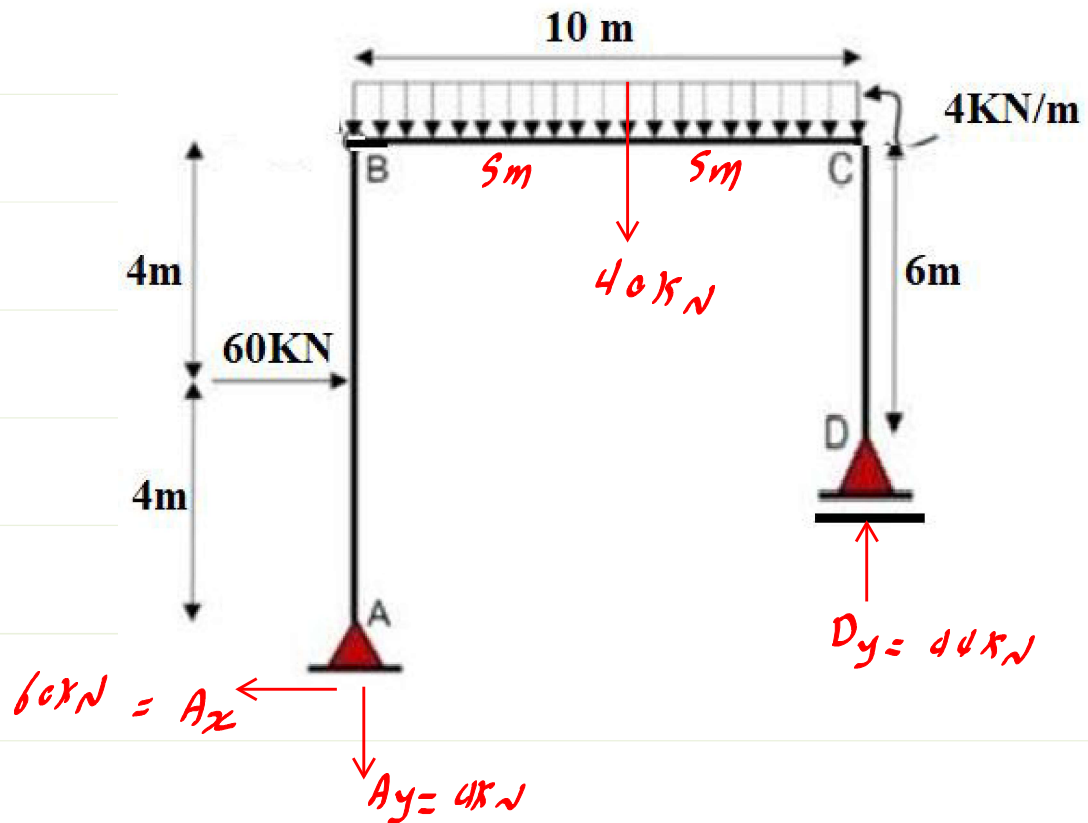
$$B_y = 131.25 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$\sum f_y = A_y - 90 + B_y - 40 - 60 \sin 30 = 0$$

$$A_y = 28.75 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$



4. Compute the support reactions and plot the axial force, shear and bending moment diagrams for each member of the portal frame structure under applied loads in figure below.



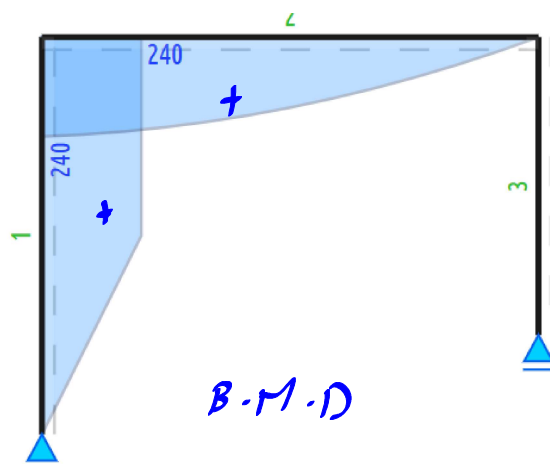
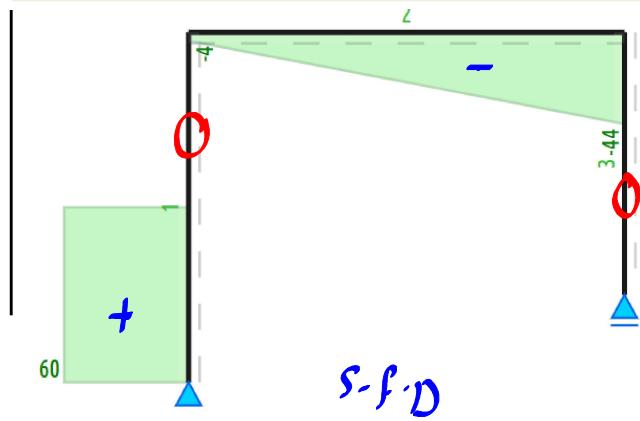
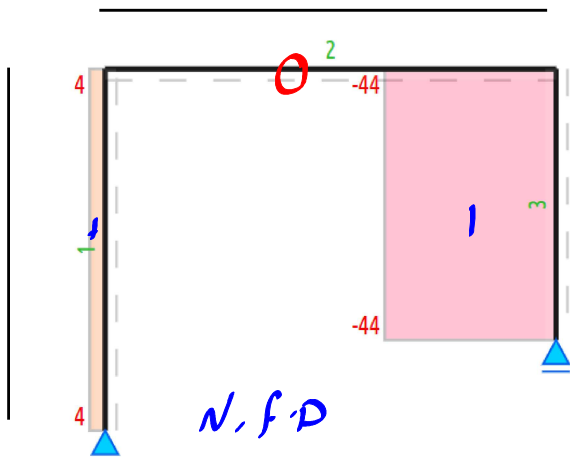
$$\sum f_x = 60 - A_x \Rightarrow A_x = 60 \text{ kN} \leftarrow$$

$$\sum M_a = 60 \times 4 + 40 \times 5 - D_y \times 10 = 0$$

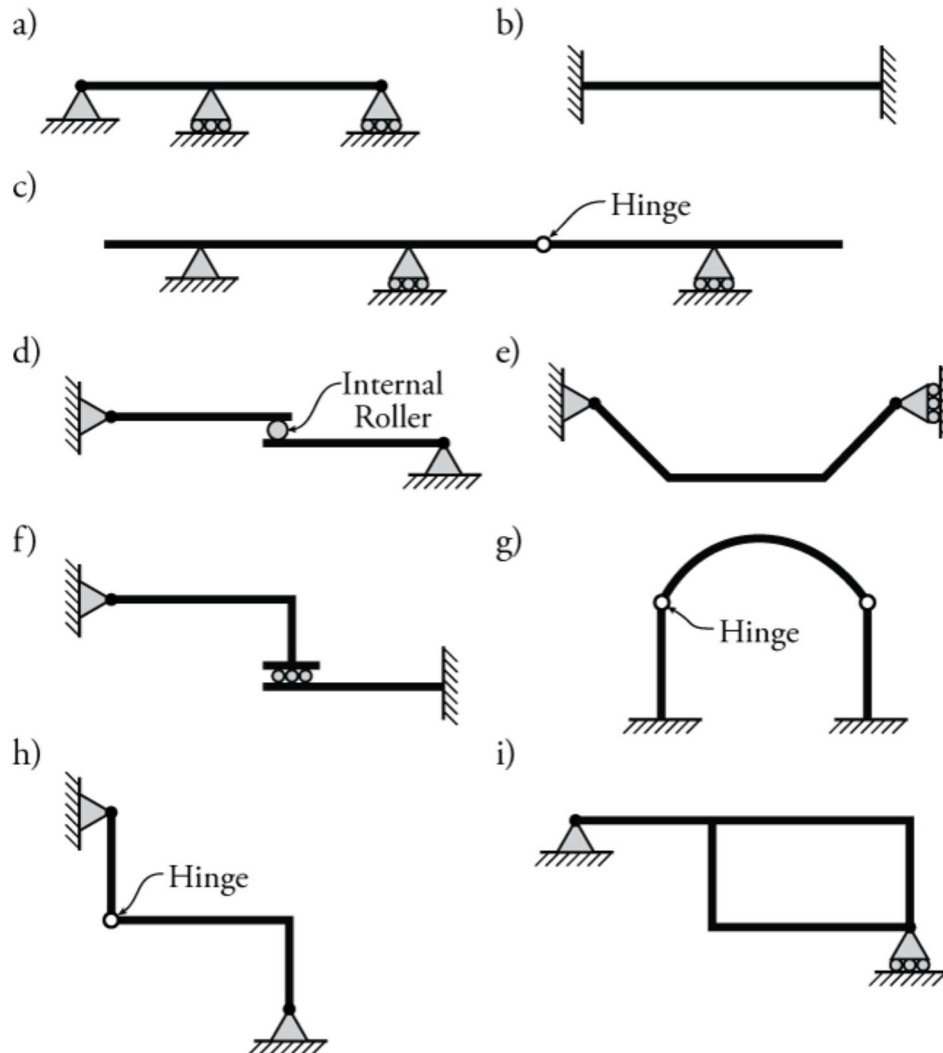
$$D_y = 44 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$\sum f_y = A_y - 40 + 44 = 0 \Rightarrow A_y = -4 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$A_y = 4 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$



5. Check for the structures shown below as statically determinate or statically indeterminate. If statically indeterminate calculate degree of indeterminacy and the number of degrees-of-freedom



a) $r = 4, C = 0$

$r > C + 3$

$4 > 0 + 3$ indeterminate to first degree

b) $r = 6, C = 0$

$r > C + 3$

$6 > 0 + 3$

indeterminate to third degree

c) $r = 4, C = 1$

$r = C + 3$ stable, determinate

d)

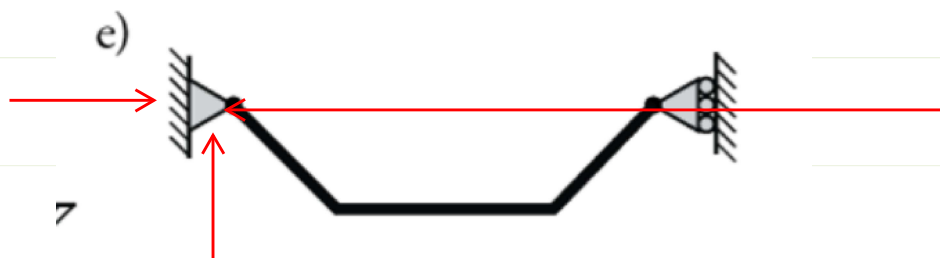
$r = 4, C = 2$

$r < C + 3$

$4 < 2 + 3$

unstable

e)



unstable due to concurrent reactions

f) $r = C + 3$

$S = 2 + 3$ stable, determinate

حل اف

$$3m + r = 3J + C$$

$$3 \times 3 + 5 = 3 \times 4 + 2$$

stable, determinate

حل اف لنقل السؤال

$$3m + r = 3J + C$$

$$3 \times 2 + 5 = 3 \times 3 + 2$$

كل الحلول صحيحة

$$g) 3m + r > 3J + C$$

$$3 * 3 + 6 > 3 * 4 + 2$$

indeterminate to first degree

h) unstable (internal collapse mechanism)

$$i) r = 3 + 3 = 6$$

$$r > C + 3$$

$6 > 3$ indeterminate to third degree

حل اف

$$3m + r > 3J + C$$

$$3 * 5 + 3 > 3 * 5 + 0$$

$$18 > 15$$

indeterminate to third degree

Question 1

- (a) 1° S.I.
- (b) 3° S.I.
- (c) Determinate
- (d) Unstable
- (e) Unstable (concurrent reactions)
- (f) Determinate
- (g) 1° S.I.
- (h) Unstable (internal collapse mechanism)
- (i) 3° S.I.

← حل المرجع