



مدرس خصوصى



اونلاين

يحصل الطالب على ...

* مقاطع فيديو هات لشرح المقرر بشكل وافي

* ملخص للمادة للمراجعة النهائية

* محاضرات مباشرة على برنامج Zoom

* تواصل مستمر مع معلم المادة للمناقشة

للتواصل



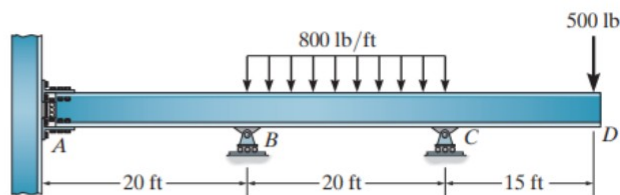
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*12-4. Determine the reactions at the supports and then draw the moment diagram. Assume A is fixed. EI is constant.



$$FEM_{BC} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} = -26.67, \quad FEM_{CB} = \frac{wL^2}{12} = 26.67$$

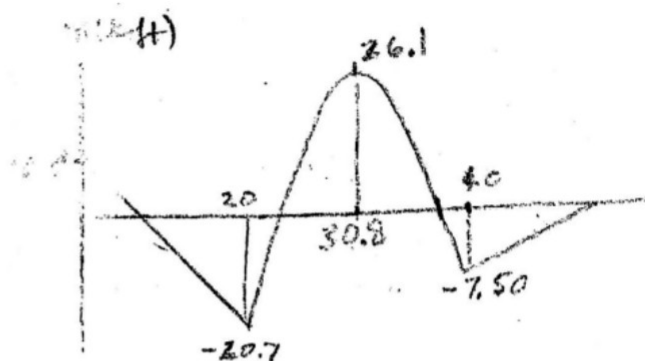
$$M_{CD} = 0.5(15) = 7.5 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$K_{AB} = \frac{4EI}{20}, \quad K_{BC} = \frac{4EI}{20}$$

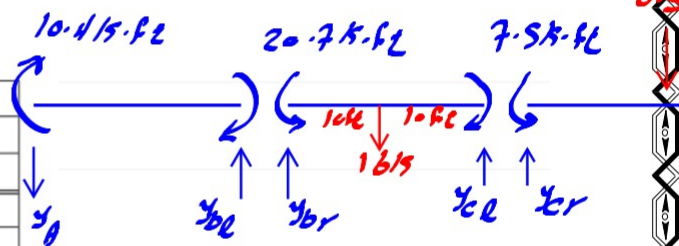
$$DF_{AB} = 0$$

$$DF_{BA} = DF_{BC} = \frac{\frac{4EI}{20}}{\frac{4EI}{20} + \frac{4EI}{20}} = 0.5$$

$$DF_{CB} = 1$$



Joint	A	B		C	
Member	AB	BA	BC	CB	CD
DF	0	0.5	0.5	1	0
FEM			-26.67	26.67	-7.5
		13.33	13.33	-19.167	
		6.667	-9.583	6.667	
		4.7917	4.7917	-6.667	
		2.396	-3.333	2.396	
		1.667	1.667	-2.396	
		0.8333	-1.1979	0.8333	
		0.5990	0.5990	-0.8333	
		0.2994	-0.4167	0.2994	
		0.2083	0.2083	-0.2994	
		0.1042	-0.1497	0.1042	
		0.07485	0.07485	-0.1042	
	10.4	20.7	-20.7	7.5	-7.5 k · ft



$$y_{B_L} = \frac{10.4 + 20.7}{20} = 1.5615 \uparrow$$

$$y_A = 1.5615 \downarrow$$

$$y_{C_L} = \frac{16 \times 10 + 7.5 - 20.7}{20} = 7.34 \uparrow$$

$$y_{B_R} = 16 - 7.34 = 8.66 \uparrow$$

$$y_A = 1.56 \text{ k} \downarrow, \quad y_B = 1.56 + 8.66 = 10.22 \text{ k}, \quad y_C = 7.34 \times 0.5 = 3.67 \text{ k}$$

$$M_A = 10.4 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft} \downarrow$$

12-3. Determine the moments at A , B , and C , then draw the moment diagram. Assume the support at B is a roller and A and C are fixed. EI is constant.

$$(DF)_{AB} = 0 \quad (DF)_{BA} = \frac{I > 18}{I > 18 + I > 20} = 0.5263$$

$$(DF)_{CB} = 0 \quad (DF)_{BC} = 0.4737$$

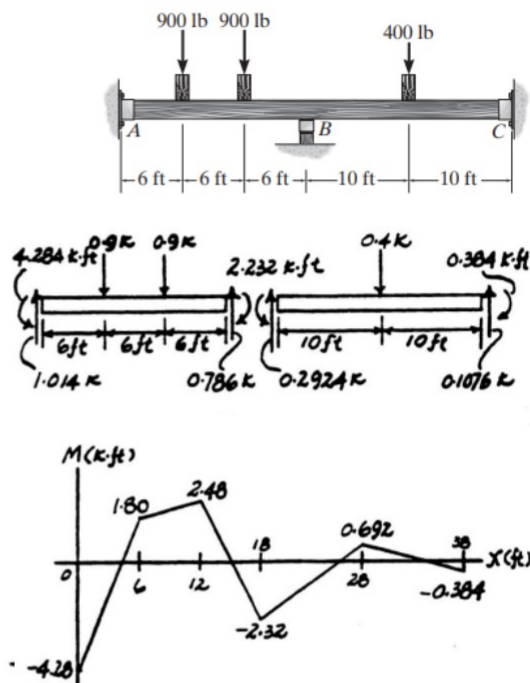
$$(FEM)_{AB} = \frac{-2(0.9)(18)}{9} = -3.60 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$(FEM)_{BA} = 3.60 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$(FEM)_{BC} = \frac{-0.4(20)}{8} = -1.00 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$(FEM)_{CB} = 1.00 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

Joint	A	B		C
Mem.	AB	BA	BC	CB
DF	0	0.5263	0.4737	0
FEM	-3.60	3.60	-1.00	1.00
		-1.368	-1.232	
	-0.684			-0.616
ΣM	-4.28	2.23	-2.23	0.384 k · ft



Ans.

12-14. Determine the moments at the ends of each member of the frame. Assume the joint at B is fixed, C is pinned, and A is fixed. The moment of inertia of each member is listed in the figure. $E = 29(10^3)$ ksi.

$$(DF)_{AB} = 0$$

$$(DF)_{BA} = \frac{4(0.6875I_{BC}) > 16}{4(0.6875I_{BC}) > 16 + 3I_{BC} > 12} = 0.4074$$

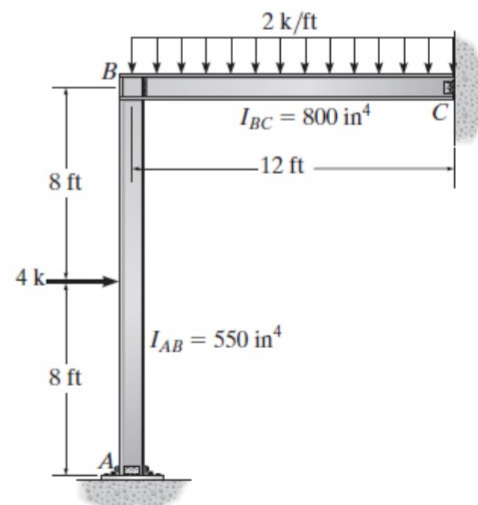
$$(DF)_{BC} = 0.5926 \quad (DF)_{CB} = 1$$

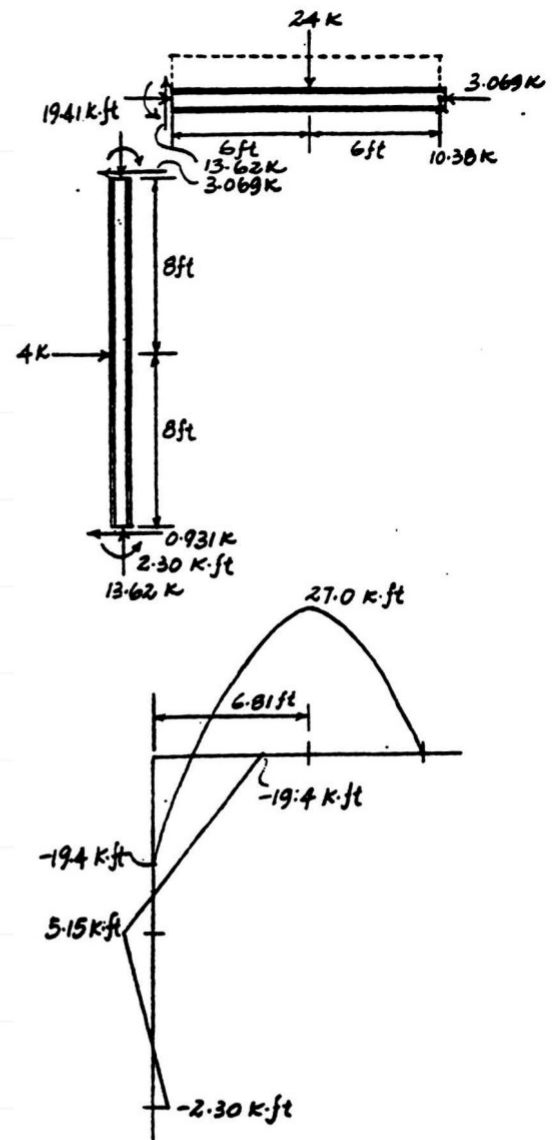
$$(FEM)_{AB} = \frac{-4(16)}{8} = -8 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$(FEM)_{BA} = 8 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

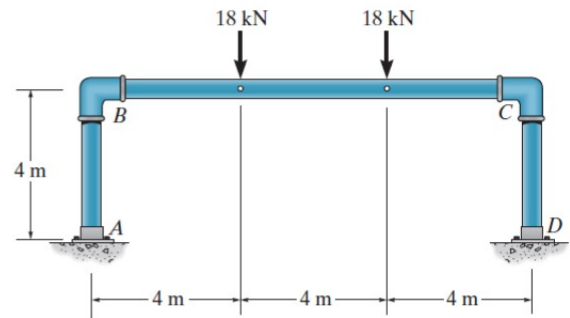
$$(FEM)_{BC} = \frac{-2(12^2)}{12} = -24 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$(FEM)_{CB} = 24 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$





12–19. The frame is made from pipe that is fixed connected. If it supports the loading shown, determine the moments developed at each of the joints. EI is constant.



$$FEM_{BC} = -\frac{2PL}{9} = -48, \quad FEM_{CB} = \frac{2PL}{9} = 48$$

$$K_{AB} = K_{CD} = \frac{4EI}{4}, \quad K_{BC} = \frac{4EI}{12}$$

$$DF_{AB} = DF_{DC} = 0$$

$$DF_{BA} = DF_{CD} = \frac{\frac{4EI}{5}}{\frac{4EI}{4} + \frac{4EI}{12}} = 0.75$$

$$DF_{BC} = DF_{CB} = 1 - 0.75 = 0.25$$

Joint	A	B		C		D
Member	AB	BA	BC	CB	CD	DC
DF	0	0.75	0.25	0.25	0.75	0
FEM			-48	48		
		36	12	-12	-36	
18			-6	6		-18
		4.5	1.5	-1.5	-4.5	
2.25			-0.75	0.75		-2.25
		0.5625	0.1875	-0.1875	-0.5625	
0.281			-0.0938	0.0938		-0.281
		0.0704	0.0234	-0.0234	-0.0704	
	20.6	41.1	-41.1	41.1	-41.1	-20.6